

## Header

```
#include <Kokkos_Core.hpp>
```

## Initialization

### Initialize and finalize

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    Kokkos::initialize(argc, argv);
    { /* ... */ }
    Kokkos::finalize();
}
```

### Scope guard

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    Kokkos::ScopeGuard kokkos(argc, argv);
    /* ... */
}
```

## Kokkos concepts

### Execution spaces

Execution space	Device backend	Host backend
<code>Kokkos::DefaultExecutionSpace</code>	On device	On host
<code>Kokkos::DefaultHostExecutionSpace</code>	On host	On host

### Memory spaces

#### Generic memory spaces

Memory space	Device backend	Host backend
<code>Kokkos::DefaultExecutionSpace::memory_space</code>	On dev.	On host
<code>Kokkos::DefaultHostExecutionSpace::memory_space</code>	On host	On host

#### Specific memory spaces

Memory space	Description
<code>Kokkos::HostSpace</code>	Accessible from the host but maybe not from the device
<code>Kokkos::SharedSpace</code>	Accessible from the host and the device; copy managed by the driver
<code>Kokkos::SharedHostPinnedSpace</code>	Accessible from the host and the device; zero copy access in small chunks

## Memory management

### View

#### Create

```
Kokkos::View<DataType, LayoutType, MemorySpace, MemoryTraits>
↳ view("label", numberOfElementsAtRuntimeI,
↳ numberOfElementsAtRuntimeJ);
```

Template arg.	Description
<code>DataType</code>	<code>ScalarType</code> for the data type, followed by a <code>*</code> for each runtime dimension, then by a <code>[numberOfElements]</code> for each compile time dimension, mandatory
<code>LayoutType</code>	See memory layouts, optional
<code>MemorySpace</code>	See memory spaces, optional
<code>MemoryTraits</code>	See memory traits, optional

The order of template arguments is important.

### Manage

Method	Description
<code>(i, j...)</code>	Returns and sets the value at index <code>i</code> , <code>j</code> , etc.
<code>size()</code>	Returns the total number of elements in the view
<code>rank()</code>	Returns the number of dimensions
<code>layout()</code>	Returns the layout of the view
<code>extent(dim)</code>	Returns the number of elements in the requested dimension
<code>data()</code>	Returns a pointer to the underlying data

Resize and preserve content

```
Kokkos::resize(view, newNumberOfElementsI, newNumberOfElementsJ...);
```

Reallocate and do not preserve content

```
Kokkos::realloc(view, newNumberOfElementsI, newNumberOfElementsJ...);
```

### Memory Layouts

Layout	Description	Default
<code>Kokkos::LayoutRight</code>	Strides increase from the right most to the left most dimension, also known as row-major or C-like	CPU
<code>Kokkos::LayoutLeft</code>	Strides increase from the left most to the right most dimension, also known as column-major or Fortran-like	GPU
<code>Kokkos::LayoutStride</code>	Strides can be arbitrary for each dimension	

By default, a layout suited for loops on the high frequency index is used.

### Memory trait

Memory traits are indicated with `Kokkos::MemoryTraits<>` and are combined with the `|` (pipe) operator.

Memory trait	Description
<code>Kokkos::Unmanaged</code>	The allocation has to be managed manually
<code>Kokkos::Atomic</code>	All accesses to the view are atomic
<code>Kokkos::RandomAccess</code>	Hint that the view is used in a random access manner; if the view is also <code>const</code> this may trigger more efficient load operations on GPUs
<code>Kokkos::Restrict</code>	There is no aliasing of the view by other data structures in the current scope

## Deep copy

```
Kokkos::deep_copy(dest, src);
```

The views must have the same dimensions, data type, and reside in the same memory space (mirror views can be deep copied on different memory spaces).

## Mirror view

### Create and always allocate on host

```
auto mirrorView = Kokkos::create_mirror(view);
```

### Create and allocate on host if source view is not in host space

```
auto mirrorView = Kokkos::create_mirror_view(view);
```

### Create, allocate and synchronize if source view is not in same space as destination view

```
auto mirrorView = Kokkos::create_mirror_view_and_copy(ExecutionSpace(),
↳ view);
```

## Subview

A subview has the same reference count as its parent view, so the parent view won't be deallocated before all subviews go away.

```
auto subview = Kokkos::subview(view, Kokkos::ALL,
↳ Kokkos::pair(rangeFirst, rangeLast), value);
```

Subset selection	Description
Kokkos::ALL	All elements in this dimension
Kokkos::pair	Range of elements in this dimension
value	Specific element in this dimension

## Scatter view (experimental)

### Specific header

```
#include <Kokkos_ScatterView.hpp>
```

### Create

```
ScatterView<DataType, Operation, ExecutionSpace, Layout, Contribution>
↳ scatter(targetView);
```

Template arg.	Description
DataType	Scalar type of the view and its dimensionality
Operation	See scatter operation; defaults to Kokkos::Experimental::ScatterSum
ExecutionSpace	See execution spaces; defaults to Kokkos::DefaultExecutionSpace
Layout	See layouts
Duplication	Whether to duplicate the grid or not; defaults to Kokkos::Experimental::ScatterDuplicated, other option is Kokkos::Experimental::ScatterNonDuplicated
Contribution	Whether to contribute to use atomics; defaults to Kokkos::Experimental::ScatterAtomic, other option is Kokkos::Experimental::ScatterNonAtomic

## Scatter operation

Operation	Description
Kokkos::Experimental::ScatterSum	Sum
Kokkos::Experimental::ScatterProd	Product
Kokkos::Experimental::ScatterMin	Minimum value
Kokkos::Experimental::ScatterMax	Maximum value

## Scatter

```
auto access = scatter.access();
```

## Compute

```
access(index) += value;
```

## Gather

```
Kokkos::Experimental::contribute(targetView, scatter);
```

## Parallel constructs

### For loop

```
Kokkos::parallel_for(
    "label",
    ExecutionPolicy< /* ... */ > ( /* ... */ ),
    KOKKOS_LAMBDA ( /* ... */ ) { /* ... */ }
);
```

### Reduction

```
ScalarType result;
Kokkos::parallel_reduce(
    "label",
    ExecutionPolicy< /* ... */ > ( /* ... */ ),
    KOKKOS_LAMBDA ( /* ... */ , ScalarType& resultLocal) { /* ... */ },
    Kokkos::ReducerConcept<ScalarType>(result)
);
```

With Kokkos::ReducerConcept being one of the following:

Reducer	Operation	Description
Kokkos::BAnd	&	Binary and
Kokkos::BOr		Binary or
Kokkos::LAnd	&&	Logical and
Kokkos::LOr		Logical or
Kokkos::Max	std::max	Maximum
Kokkos::MaxLoc	std::max_element	Maximum and associated index
Kokkos::Min	std::min	Minimum
Kokkos::MinLoc	std::min_element	Minimum and associated index
Kokkos::MinMax	std::minmax	Minimum and maximum
Kokkos::MinMaxLoc	std::minmax_element	Minimum and maximum and associated indices
Kokkos::Prod	*	Product
Kokkos::Sum	+	Sum

The reducer class can be omitted for Kokkos::Sum.

## Fences

### Global fence

```
Kokkos::fence("label");
```

### Execution space fence

```
ExecutionSpace().fence("label");
```

### Team barrier

```
Kokkos::TeamPolicy<>::member_type().team_barrier();
```

## Execution policy

### Create

```
ExecutionPolicy<ExecutionSpace, Schedule, IndexType, LaunchBounds,
↳ WorkTag> policy(/* ... */);
```

Template arg.	Description
ExecutionSpace	See execution spaces; defaults to Kokkos::DefaultExecutionSpace
Schedule	How to schedule work items; defaults to machine and backend specifics
IndexType	Integer type to be used for the index; defaults to int64_t
LaunchBounds	Hints for CUDA and HIP launch bounds
WorkTag	Empty tag class to call the functor

## Ranges

### One-dimensional range

```
Kokkos::RangePolicy<ExecutionSpace, Schedule, IndexType, LaunchBounds,
↳ WorkTag> policy(first, last);
```

If the range starts at 0 and uses default parameters, can be replaced by just the number of elements.

### Multi-dimensional (dimension 2)

```
Kokkos::MDRangePolicy<ExecutionSpace, Schedule, IndexType, LaunchBounds,
↳ WorkTag, Kokkos::Rank<2>> policy({firstI, firstJ}, {lastI, lastJ});
```

## Hierarchical parallelism

### Team policy

```
Kokkos::TeamPolicy<ExecutionSpace, Schedule, IndexType, LaunchBounds,
↳ WorkTag> policy(leagueSize, teamSize);
```

Usually, teamSize is replaced by Kokkos::AUTO to let Kokkos determine it. A kernel running in a team policy has a Kokkos::TeamPolicy<>::member\_type argument:

Method	Description
league_size()	Number of teams in the league
league_rank()	Index of the team within the league
team_size()	Number of threads in the team
team_rank()	Index of the thread within the team

### Team vector level (2-level hierarchy)

```
Kokkos::parallel_for(
    "label",
    Kokkos::TeamPolicy(numberOfElementsI, Kokkos::AUTO),
    KOKKOS_LAMBDA (const Kokkos::TeamPolicy<>::member_type& teamMember)
↳ {
    const int i = teamMember.team_rank();

    Kokkos::parallel_for(
        Kokkos::TeamVectorRange(teamMember, firstJ, lastJ),
        [=] (const int j) { /* ... */ }
    );
});
```

### One-dimensional range

```
Kokkos::TeamVectorRange range(teamMember, firstJ, lastJ);
```

### Multi-dimensional range (dimension 2)

```
Kokkos::TeamVectorMDRange<Kokkos::Rank<2>,
↳ Kokkos::TeamPolicy<>::member_type> range(teamMember,
↳ numberOfElementsJ, numberOfElementsK);
```

### Team thread vector level (3-level hierarchy)

```
Kokkos::parallel_for(
    "label",
    Kokkos::TeamPolicy(numberOfElementsI, Kokkos::AUTO),
    KOKKOS_LAMBDA (const Kokkos::TeamPolicy<>::member_type& teamMember)
↳ {
    const int i = teamMember.team_rank();
```

```

Kokkos::parallel_for(
  Kokkos::TeamThreadRange(teamMember, firstJ, lastJ),
  [=] (const int j) {
    Kokkos::parallel_for(
      Kokkos::ThreadVectorRange(teamMember, firstK,
↳ lastK),
      [=] (const int k) { /* ... */ }
    );
  }
);

```

## One-dimensional range

```

Kokkos::TeamThreadRange range(teamMember, firstJ, lastJ);
Kokkos::ThreadVectorRange range(teamMember, firstK, lastK);

```

## Multi-dimensional range (dimension 2)

```

Kokkos::TeamThreadMDRange<Kokkos::Rank<2>>,
↳ Kokkos::TeamPolicy<>::member_type> range(teamMember,
↳ numberOfElementsJ, numberOfElementsK);
Kokkos::ThreadVectorMDRange<Kokkos::Rank<2>>,
↳ Kokkos::TeamPolicy<>::member_type> range(teamMember,
↳ numberOfElementsL, numberOfElementsM);

```

## Scratch memory

Each team has access to a scratch memory pad, which has the team's lifetime, and is only accessible by the team's threads.

## Scratch memory space

Level	Memory size	Access speed
0	Limited (tens of kilobytes)	Fast
1	Larger (few gigabytes)	Medium

## Create and populate

```

// Define a scratch memory view type
using ScratchPadView = View<double*,
↳ ExecutionSpace::scratch_memory_space, MemoryUnmanaged>;

// Compute how much scratch memory (in bytes) is needed
size_t bytes = ScratchPadView::shmem_size(vectorSize);

Kokkos::parallel_for(
  Kokkos::TeamPolicy<ExecutionSpace>(leagueSize,
↳ teamSize).set_scratch_size(spaceLevel, Kokkos::PerTeam(bytes)),
  KOKKOS_LAMBDA (const
↳ Kokkos::TeamPolicy<ExecutionSpace>::member_type& teamMember) {
    const int i = teamMember.team_rank();

    // Create a view for the scratch pad
    ScratchPadView scratch(teamMember.team_scratch(spaceLevel),
↳ vectorSize);

    // Initialize it
    Kokkos::parallel_for(
      Kokkos::ThreadVectorRange(teamMember, vectorSize),
      [=] (const int j) { scratch(j) = view(i, j); }
    );

    // Synchronize
    teamMember.team_barrier();
  }
);

```

## Atomics

### Atomic operations

Operation	Replaces
<code>Kokkos::atomic_add(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x += y</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_and(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x &amp;= y</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_dec(&amp;x)</code>	<code>x--</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_inc(&amp;x)</code>	<code>x++</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_lshift(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x = x &lt;&lt; y</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_max(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x = std::max(x, y)</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_min(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x = std::min(x, y)</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_mod(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x %= y</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_nand(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x = !(x &amp;&amp; y)</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_or(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x  = y</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_rshift(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x = x &gt;&gt; y</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_sub(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x -= y</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_store(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x = y</code>
<code>Kokkos::atomic_xor(&amp;x, y)</code>	<code>x ^= y</code>

### Atomic exchanges

Operation	Description
<code>Kokkos::atomic_exchange(&amp;x, desired)</code>	Assign desired value to object and return old value
<code>Kokkos::atomic_compare_exchange(&amp;x, expected, desired)</code>	Assign desired value to object if the object has the expected value and return the old value

## Mathematics

### Math functions

Function type	List of functions (prefixed by <code>Kokkos::</code> )
Basic ops.	<code>abs</code> , <code>fabs</code> , <code>fmod</code> , <code>remainder</code> , <code>fma</code> , <code>fmax</code> , <code>fmin</code> , <code>fdim</code> , <code>nan</code>
Exponential	<code>exp</code> , <code>exp2</code> , <code>expm1</code> , <code>log</code> , <code>log2</code> , <code>log10</code> , <code>log1p</code>
Power	<code>pow</code> , <code>sqrt</code> , <code>cbirt</code> , <code>hypot</code>
Trigonometric	<code>sin</code> , <code>cos</code> , <code>tan</code> , <code>asin</code> , <code>acos</code> , <code>atan</code> , <code>atan2</code>
Hyperbolic	<code>sinh</code> , <code>cosh</code> , <code>tanh</code> , <code>asinh</code> , <code>acosh</code> , <code>atanh</code>
Error, gamma	<code>erf</code> , <code>erfc</code> , <code>tgamma</code> , <code>lgamma</code>
Nearest	<code>ceil</code> , <code>floor</code> , <code>trunc</code> , <code>round</code> , <code>nearbyint</code>
Floating point	<code>logb</code> , <code>nextafter</code> , <code>copysign</code>
Comparisons	<code>isfinite</code> , <code>isinf</code> , <code>isnan</code> , <code>signbit</code>

Note that not all C++ standard math functions are available.

### Complex numbers

#### Create

```

Kokkos::complex<double> complex(realPart, imagPart);

```

## Manage

Method	Description
<code>real()</code>	Returns or sets the real part
<code>imag()</code>	Returns or sets the imaginary part

## Utilities

### Code interruption

```
Kokkos::abort("message");
```

### Print inside a kernel

```
Kokkos::printf("format string", arg1, arg2);
```

Similar to `std::printf`.

## Timer

### Create

```
Kokkos::Timer timer;
```

### Manage

Method	Description
<code>seconds()</code>	Returns the time in seconds since construction or last reset
<code>reset()</code>	Resets the timer to zero

## Manage parallel environment

Function	Description
<code>Kokkos::device_id()</code>	Returns the device ID of the current device
<code>Kokkos::num_devices()</code>	Returns the number of devices available to the current execution space

## Macros

### Essential macros

Macro	Description
<code>KOKKOS_LAMBDA</code>	Replaces capture argument for lambdas
<code>KOKKOS_CLASS_LAMBDA</code>	Replaces capture argument for lambdas, captures <code>this</code>
<code>KOKKOS_FUNCTION</code>	Functor attribute
<code>KOKKOS_INLINE_FUNCTION</code>	Inlined functor attribute

### Extra macros

Macro	Description
<code>KOKKOS_VERSION</code>	Kokkos full version
<code>KOKKOS_VERSION_MAJOR</code>	Kokkos major version
<code>KOKKOS_VERSION_MINOR</code>	Kokkos minor version
<code>KOKKOS_VERSION_PATCH</code>	Kokkos patch level
<code>KOKKOS_ENABLE_*</code>	Any equivalent CMake option passed when building Kokkos, see installation cheat sheet
<code>KOKKOS_ARCH_*</code>	Any equivalent CMake option passed when building Kokkos, see installation cheat sheet